REPORT FOR: HEALTH & SOCIAL CARE SCRUTINY SUB-COMMITTEE

Date of Meeting: Monday 20 October 2014

Subject: NHS Health Checks Scrutiny Report

Responsible Officer: Dr Andrew Howe, Director of Public Health

Scrutiny Lead Councillor Michael Borio, Policy Lead

Member area: Member

Councillor Vina Mithani, Performance Lead

Member

Exempt: No

Enclosures: Appendix A - NHS Health Check Scrutiny

Final Report, January 2014

Section 1 – Summary and Recommendations

This report provides an update on progress resulting from the recommendations set out in the NHS Health Checks Scrutiny Report for Barnet and Harrow (January 2014)

Recommendations:

Note progress on The Scrutiny Review recommendations



Section 2 - Report

Executive Summary

1. Aim of Review

- 1.1.2 In January 2014, a scrutiny review of the local NHS Health Checks programme was undertaken to assess the delivery model and performance in Barnet and Harrow. It considered the views of key stakeholders and residents regarding the programme, analysed options and made recommendations to inform the commissioning strategy in both boroughs.
- 1.1.3 This paper sets out the actions undertaken or planned to address the recommendations from the scrutiny review.
- 1.1.4 The recommendations arising from the scrutiny review cover the following themes:
 - 1. Health Checks promotion
 - 2 Provider /Flexible delivery
 - 3 Treatment Package
 - 4 Referral pathways
 - 5 Restructure financial incentives
 - 6 Resources
 - 7 Targeting
 - 8 Screening Programme Anxiety
 - 9 Barriers to Take-up
 - 10 Learning Disability

1.2 Current Situation

- 1.2.1 The NHS Health Checks programme is a mandatory service provided by Barnet and Harrow Joint Public Health Service. It is a national risk assessment and lifestyle management programme which assesses an individual's risk of heart disease, stroke, kidney disease, and dementia and alcohol misuse with the objective of reducing death rates and the burden of disease from these conditions.
- 1.2.2 In 2014/15, the local eligible population (those between the ages of 40-74 without a pre-existing cardiovascular condition) is 64,500. A local target was set to invite 15% of the eligible population to Health Checks. There was also a target to deliver these assessments 10% of the cohort.
- 1.2.3 There has been an improvement in performance for the first quarter 1. When benchmarked against other London Boroughs, Harrow is now ranked 21st for health checks 'offered' compared to 30th position in 2013/14. Harrow's performance for health checks 'received' has also improved; the borough is now ranked 25th compared to being positioned 29th in 2013/14.

1.2.3 The table below sets out the recommendations from the NHS Scrutiny Review (2014), the actions undertaken and planned activities.

	Theme	Recommendation and Rationale	Progress (September 2014)
1	Health Checks Promotion	It is recommended that Public Health England develop a national communications strategy to promote awareness and advantages of Health Checks, supported by local campaigns. The campaign should seek to incentivise people to undertake a Health Check (e.g. by promoting positive stories relating to proactive management of risk factors or early diagnosis as the result of a check).	In September 2014, Public Health England invited local Health Check programmes to express an interest in piloting a marketing campaign. We have expressed an interest in being a pilot site and are currently awaiting a response. On a local level, the programme has been promoted in 'Harrow People', (August 2014) and at the 'Under One Sky' event (Sept 2014). There are three outreach events planned in Harrow, each will involve a week long promotional campaign in the local area followed by a full day's event delivering Health Checks. This will help raise the profile and awareness of the programme. Planned outreach events at: (1) The North Harrow Mosque (2) The Shree Kutch Satsang Swaminarayan Hindu Temple (3) 'Compass' and 'EACH' (drug and alcohol services)
2	Providers / Flexible Delivery	Health Checks should be delivered through alternative providers (e.g. pharmacies, private healthcare providers etc.) and at alternative times (e.g. evenings / weekends), and in different locations (e.g. mobile unit	A GP led outreach programme is currently being piloted in Harrow. We are also plans to deliver Health Checks through community pharmacists and

		at football grounds, shopping centres, work places, community events etc. or via outreach (e.g. at home or targeting vulnerable groups) to make Health Checks more accessible.	'Everyone Active' Harrow Leisure Centre can play in delivering Health Checks. To date, four members of staff at Harrow Leisure Centre have been trained to deliver Health Checks. Please see number 1 for update on outreach activities. There are also plans to work with the voluntary and community sector to target vulnerable groups in the community.
			We will also be delivering Health Checks in local workplaces, including the Council – with a particular focus on men. The outreach programme will be evaluated to assess its effectiveness at meeting the target group.
3	Treatment Package	1) All elements of the Health Check should be delivered in a single session to streamline the process and make the experience more attractive. 2) Commissioners should investigate feasibility of tailoring treatment options to specific communities.	1) The need to streamline the process is recognised and as a result point of care testing will be introduced, where possible. This involves carrying out bloods testing as part of the Health Check. A GP practice profiling exercise is currently underway to understand how Health Checks are being delivered and what improvements can be made. Health Check training was recently delivered to practice staff and ways to streamline the service were promoted as part of this training. 2) 'Treatments' for any diagnosed illness would follow standard clinical

4	Referral Pathways	The patient pathway should clearly define the referral mechanisms for those identified as:- • Having risk factors; and • Requiring treatment	protocol as led by the GP or nurse practitioner. Advice on lifestyle interventions are tailored to individual preferences as per discussions with the Health Check provider. The patient pathway is an essential element of the programme. Those who have been assessed with 'high risk' of heart disease are referred to their GP for additional investigative tests. Smokers are referred to stop smoking services. Hypertensive patients will commence appropriate medical treatment. Those with high blood glucose levels will be sent for
			a diabetic assessment. Those assessed with a 'low' or 'medium' risk factor may qualify for any of the above. In addition to this they will be given advice and/or an onward referral to the physical activity programme called 'Healthwise'.
5	Restructure Financial Incentives	Barnet and Harrow have different payment structures. It is recommended that contracts are aligned (preferably in accordance with a standard contact agreed via the West London Alliance) and that Health Check providers are paid on completion only.	Tiered payment structures which incentivise GPs to deliver Health Check to those most at risk are being developed for 2015/16. The contract for 2014/15 cannot be altered at this point and we would seek to initiate this new payment structure for 2015/16.
6	Resources	Public Health England and local authorities must consider the cost	1) and 2): The local authority has a statutory obligation to

of the whole patient pathway and deliver Health Checks (the risk assessment element) but not only the risk assessment or is not responsible for the lifestyle referral elements of the whole pathway. The local Health Check. authority encourages GPs to 2) Nationally, Public Health provide lifestyle advice to England and NHS England should patients who are assessed to consider the cost of the whole have a low risk score. pathway and on that basis a 3) Whilst GPs are not legally whole system review is obliged to deliver this service, recommended. many of them see the value 3) Health Checks are currently not of this preventative screening a mandatory requirement for GPs programme, as demonstrated by a high level of sign up to meaning that they may not be the programme. 29 out of 35 incentivised to deliver and nor local GPs in Harrow have have the capacity (human signed up to deliver this resources and physical space) to programme. deliver Public Health England benchmark local authorities' performance against agreed national targets and other authorities. Local authorities see GPs as key delivery partners that enable them to meet their statutory obligation. As a result, GPs are incentivised to improve the uptake of Health Checks. 7 **Targeting** It is recommended that the Health A GP led outreach programme is currently being Checks commissioning strategy piloted in Barnet. This will should deliver a 'whole population' increase accessibility of the approach (offering checks to programme to the wider eligible population cohort), population. complemented by targeting of specific groups or communities Please see number 1 for particularly:update on outreach activities. 1) Men (who statistically have a lower up-take than women); We are also exploring how to deliver Health Checks to 2) Faith communities (who Harrow's most deprived statistically have a high communities. prevalence of certain diseases); and The outreach programme will

		3) Deprived communities (where there is a statistical correlation between deprivation and a low uptake of Health Checks)	be evaluated to assess its effectiveness at meeting the target group.
8	Screening Programme Anxiety	It is recommended that Public Health England, clinicians and local commissioners give consideration to managing potential public anxiety in participating in a screening programme.	Public anxiety about screening is being managed in a number of ways: 1) Through the above mentioned outreach work in faith centres and working with vulnerable adults through their support agencies, the programme aims to allay any anxiety that may surround the programme.
			 2) Training sessions for Health Check staff, included a specific section on addressing patient concerns. 3) Public promotions at the 'Under One Sky' event, and an article in the 'Harrow People' July 2014 has provided information about the programme and helped reduced any anxieties.
9	Barriers to Take-Up	Commissioners are recommended to research the reasons for the public not to participate in the Health Checks programme to identify what the barriers to take-up are. On the basis of the research findings, targeted engagement with under-represented groups is recommended.	GP practice profiling is currently being undertaken to establish the reasons for poor uptake. The findings of the practice profiling exercise will be available in November and will be used to shape the future delivery model and improve service uptake. Initial findings from this profiling exercise have indicated that the barriers come from two key areas, one is General Practice and the other is the general public. The barriers include:
			General Practice: Lack of capacity, disinterest

			and non-attendance from patients, unsuitable times for Health Checks and conflicting priorities at the practice. General Public: Lack of interest from individuals, lack of awareness of the programme. People unwilling to go to GP if they don't feel ill. The Health Check programme is a screening programme and people who attend may not necessarily feel ill.
10	Learning Difficulties Disability (LDD)	It is recommended that Public Health England, clinicians and local commissioners give consideration to incorporating adults with LDD into the Health Checks programme before age 40 due to their overrepresentation in the health system	There are currently 2,745 adults with LDD in Harrow between the ages of 30-74. Nearly 50% (1,285) of those LDD people are between the ages of 30-44. The programme will engage community groups who support adults with LDD in order to improve the take up, health outcomes and potential life expectancy.

Financial Implications

This report is for information only. Therefore there are no financial implications to this report as the activities outlined above are delivered within the allocated budget.

Performance Issues

Table 1 below shows the performance figures for each quarter of 2013/14. By the end of the year, the programme had underperformed (by 8.2%) against its annual target for 'offered' Health Checks. In relation to the target for 'received' Health Check, the programme had underperformed by 3.2%.

As a result of the actions, described above, performance has begun to improve. Figures for quarter 1 (2014/15), set out in Table 2, show that we have exceeded our target for that period. When compared to other London Boroughs, Harrow is ranked

 19^{th} and 25^{th} for Health Checks 'offered' and 'received', respectively. Since 2013/14, Harrow has moved from 30^{th} and 21^{st} , respectively. See chart in appendix 1 for details.

The programme will continue to develop and implement plans to maintain or improve uptake for the remainder of this year and beyond.

Table 1 Performance for 2013/14

HARROW	Quarter 1 (PHE official figures reported)	Quarter 2 (PHE official figures reported)	Quarter 3 (PHE official figures reported)	Quarter 4 (PHE official figures reported)	Annual performanc e 2013/14
No. offered health check Target – (% of eligible)	3194	4194	2694	2689	12,771
	(5.00%)	(6.57%)	(4.22%)	(4.21%)	(20%)
No. offered health check Actual – (% of eligible)	2112 (3.3%)	1801 (2.8%)	1590 (2.5%)	2004 (3.1)	7507 (11.8%)
Population	63,879	63,879	63,879	63,879	63,879
No. received health check Target - (% of eligible)	1597	1597	1597	1597	6,388
	(2.50%)	(2.50%)	(2.50%)	(2.50%)	(10%)
No. received health check Actual - (% of eligible)	1,247	992	995	1001	4,235
	(2%)	(1.6%)	(1.6%)	(1.6%)	(6.8%)

Table 2 Quarter 1, 2014/15

HARROW	Quarter 1
No. offered health check Target – (% of eligible)	1,612 (2.5%)
Actual (not validated)	2504 (3.9%)
Population	64,500
No. received health check Target - (% of eligible)	900 (1.4%)
Actual (not validated)	1059 (2.3%)

Environmental Impact

This report is for information only; therefore there are no environment impacts arising from this report.

Risk Management Implications

None, as this report is for information only

Equalities implications

This report is for information only

Council Priorities

Making a difference to the vulnerable:

Harrow has a larger proportion of older people, when compared to the London average. Health Checks in the older population can help to identify early stage cardiovascular disease and commence follow up care to ensure the best outcomes. The programme will also be exploring how to work with agencies that support the most vulnerable people in the community.

We will also be working with agencies that support people with learning difficulty disabilities (LDD), such as Mencap. People with LDD suffer poorer health and earlier mortality than other groups. We will be making a committed effort to reduce the age of LDD Health Checks to 30 years old and increase the number of Health Checks received in this group.

Late presentation illness typically results in additional strain on social and health care system. The early interventions offered by the Health Check help individuals towards retaining a good quality of life.

Making a difference for communities:

Thirty percentage of Harrow's population is of Asian origin; this group has a high prevalence of diabetes. Harrow's incidence of diabetes across all age groups is significantly worse than the average for England. The Health Check programme will offer early interventions and education to help reduce incidence of diabetes.

Making a difference to local businesses:

The Health Check programme is exploring how to work with local businesses to encourage early interventions/detection of illness where possible, which would help reduce sickness absence.

Contact Details and Background Papers

Contact:

Dr Andrew Howe, Director of Public Health Audrey Salmon, Head of Public Health Commissioning

Background Papers:

NHS Health Check Scrutiny Final Report, January 2014